BY J. L. PENNINGTON.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The following are the only terms of subscription to THE DAILY PROGRESS:

Daily Paper, 1 month, $1 50 | Daily Paper, 3 months, $4 00
" " 2 " 3 00 | " " 6 " 7 00
One year 13 00

The paper will not be sent to new subscribers without the money in advance; and in all cases it will be discontinued when the time paid for expires.

JOB PRINTING.

There being connected with the PROGRESS establishment a Job Office equal to any in the City or State, we are prepared to execute all orders for BOOK and JOB PRINTING. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

DAILY PROGRESS.

TUESDAY, OCT. 27, 1863.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS FOR THE PRESS ASSOCIATION.]

Entered according to act of Congress, in the year 1861, by J. S. Thrasher, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the Confederate States of the Northern District of Georgia.

Another Sensation Rumor from Europe.

RICHMOND, Oct. 26.—The New York *Herald* of the 22nd contains a letter from London, on the 10th, professing to give an outline of a treaty to be entered into between the Pope, Austria, France, Spain and the Confederate States, the latter stipulating upon a guarantee of independence never to attempt to annex any portion of Mexico, Cuba or Porto Rico, and to aid in repelling any armed intervention on the part of the United States in behalf of Mexico or the Spanish West India Colonies. The writer says that it is feared that if the Lincoln Administration should conquer the South he would undertake to rule all America by the sword; and eventually, consider the whole civilized world too contracted for a field of operations. He then intimates at some length that the best policy for Lincoln, under the circumstances, is to make peace with the South and let the two Republics work out the problem of man's capacity for self-government. The letter closes by recommending Bennett to advocate the peace policy. The *Herald* closes an editorial in allusion to the letter, to which it attaches importance, by urging another vigorous blow at the rebellion. By prolonging the war we increase the danger of European intervention and war throughout christendom.

Northern and European News.

RICHMOND, Oct. 26.—By a telegram from Washington on the 22d, it is learned from a trustworthy source that Admiral Dahlgren was relieved from the command of the iron-clad fleet at Charleston a few days since. Captain Thomas Turner, of the *Ironsides*, has been appointed to the position. It is rumored at Washington that Meade will shortly be removed. Sedgewick is talked of as his successor.

The London *Times*, referring to the seizure of the iron rams, says the question must now be argued on the proper legal merit. The vessels will now either leave the Mersey with clear bills or not at all.

From Charleston.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 26.—Everything quiet this morning.

The Sloman's had a good house last night and gave a good show. Go early to-night if you want seats.

TO THE WEEKLY PRESS.

SUPERINTENDENCE PRESS ASSOCIATION,
Atlanta, Georgia, Oct. 17, 1863.

I would respectfully lay before the editors of weekly and semi-weekly journals, published in the Confederate States, the following resolution passed unanimously at the quarterly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Press Association, held in this city on the 14th instant:

Resolved, That it is not the desire of the Press Association of the Confederate States to deprive the weekly journals of a proper use of the news reports to the daily journals, and the Superintendent of the Press Association is hereby directed to authorize weekly journals, desiring to use the telegraphic reports of the Press Association to reprint the published reports in their journals, when received in due course of mails, on payment of an equitable proportion of the cost of the said news, which payment shall be made quarterly in advance, and with the further condition that said weekly journals shall agree to co-operate with the officers and agents of the Press Association, in making and sending succient and truthful reports of news transpiring in the vicinity of their respective places of publication.

On consultation with the Board it was determined to assess the privilege of reprinting in the weekly and semi-weekly journals the "Telegraphic Reports of the Press Association," at five dollars per month, to be paid to the Superintendent quarterly in advance, the editors of such journals further obligating themselves to co-operate with the Superintendent in sending to the press reports of news of general interest which may transpire in their vicinity.

Editors desiring to avail themselves of this privilege will please address J. S. Thrasher, Superintendent Press Association, Atlanta, Ga., to whom the quarterly payment can be remitted by express. On receipt of the advance of remittance by express, the consent of the Press Association to the reprint will be transmitted in accordance with the act of Congress, with such instructions in regard to furnish news reports as may be opportune.

It is hoped that the Weekly Press generally will avail themselves of the offer on the part of the Press Association, in order to facilitate the extension of the system of news reports for the Press to every section of the country. A comprehensive and practical organization of reports by telegraph from all parts of the Confederacy is beyond attainment by any one individual, or even by partial combination of journals. But by co-operation for mutual benefit on the part of the whole Press, a system of news reports may be attained, which has never before been achieved in any country, which a short practice will render facile, and which time will develope to the great benefit of all.

It is with this view that the money assessment has been placed at so low a rate upon the Weekly Press; and care will be taken to prevent the news reports from becoming onerous.

Journals, members of the Press Association, will please copy this. J. S. THRASHER, Sup't.

THE HARVEST.—The Sumter (S. C.) *Watchman*, of the 19th inst., in noticing the harvest in that District, says: "The harvest now being gathered in this District is truly plenteous. Provisions must be abundant, and we see no reason why any should suffer, unless there is wretched management somewhere. The corn crops are unusually large; the sugar cane has turned out well, and thousands of gallons of syrup are being made. Potatoes, rice, peas, &c., have been made in quantities. Where, then, is the ground for despondency? Our armies are victorious in the field; the enemy has been foiled and driven back; the crops are abundant. Let the people praise the Lord of the harvest; and let them practice those graces which He commands, one toward another. Let those who have, share their abundance with those who have not. Let the dark spirit of extortion take its everlasting departure from our midst; and let the smiles of plenty illumine even the faces of the poor.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR OF GEORGIA.—In eighty-seven counties heard from Brown's majority over both competitors is 2,348. The army vote, as far as heard from, gives him a majority of 4,493, making his total majority 6,841.

A woman puts the affection of her lover at risk, when she lets him see that she is his entirely—that her love for him cannot be deepened or quickened. We love less what is all our own than what is but partly gained.

BRITTON'S BLUE-BLACK WRITING FLUID,

MANUFACTURED BY J. E. BRITTON, CHARLOTTE, N. C. A superior article. Southern Manufacture. Try it. All bottles warranted.

I am manufacturing an article of Writing Ink, equay if not superior, to any Inks manufactured North. Ever, person who has tried this Ink speaks well of its quality. It has a blue-black color, and flows freely from the pen.

It can be had either wholesale or retail by addressing the subscriber.

For thirteen years, writing done with Ink manufactured from this recipe has been exposed to the sun and air, and is as fast in color, and as good now as when first written with. Orders solicited, and all promptly filled. Address. J. E. BRITTON,
Charlotte, Mecklenburg Co., N. C.

The following recommendation of the superior quality of the ink is given by the gentleman whose name is annexed. He has used the ink and can speak foF its good qualities:

CHARLOTTE, June 3, 1863.

Mr. J. E. Britton:—Dear Sir: I have tried your very excellent Writing Fluid, and can truly say that it is superior to any Ink that I have ever seen manufactured in the South. It is equal if not far better, than any Writing Ink made at the North. Every one who will try this Ink can be sure of getting an excellent article.

C. OVERMAN, P. M.,
Charlotte, N. C.

July 8-tf

THE DAILY PROGRESS.

VOL. IV. RALEIGH, TUESDAY, OCT. 27, 1863. NO. 280.

SPEECH OF EARL RUSSELL.

Earl Russell delivered a speech at Blairgowrie, Scotland, on the 26th ult. A synopsis by telegraph has been published, but the following portions of the address relating to America will be found interesting:

RELLIGERENT RIGHTS.

This was the state of affairs when that which we certainly had no part in broke out—when, if I remember rightly, nine of the Southern States of America declared that they would form an independent republic. Our course on the subject has been attacked and blamed in the bitterest terms—blamed sometimes by the Federals and sometimes by the Confederates. The first offence was felt by the Federals. They said we had no right to grant—so far as we were concerned—to the Confederates the rights of belligerents. Well now, gentlemen, that question of the rights of belligerents is a question of fact; I put it to you whether with 5,000,000 of people, 5,000,000 I mean of freemen, declaring themselves in their several States collectively an independent State, we could pass over that as a petty rebellion. Our Admiral asked whether the ships they met bearing the Confederate flag should be treated as pirates or do. If we had treated them as pirates we should have been taking part in that contest. [Cheers.] It was impossible to look on the uprising of a community of 5,000,000 people as a mere petty insurrection—[hear, hear]—or as not having the rights which at all times are given to those who, by their numbers and importance, or by the extent of the territory they possess, are entitled to these rights. [Cheers.]

Well, it was said we ought not to have done that because they were a community of slaveholders.—Gentlemen, I trust that our abhorrence of slavery is not in the least abated or diminished. [Loud and prolonged cheers,] For my own part I consider it one of the most horrible crimes that yet disgraces humanity. [Cheers.] But then, when we are treating of the relations which we bear to a community of men, I doubt whether it would be expedient or useful for humanity that we should introduce that new element of declaring that we will have no relations with a people who permit slavery to exist among them. We have never adopted it yet; we have not adopted it in the case of Spain or Brazil, and I do not believe that the cause of humanity would be served by our adopting it. [Hear, hear.]

ARE THE CONFEDERATES REBELS?

Well, it was said that these Confederate States were rebels—rebels against the Union. Perhaps, gentlemen, I am not so nice as I ought to be on the subject. But I recollect that we rebelled against Charles I. [a laugh]—we rebelled against James II. and the people of New England; not content with these two rebellions, we rebelled against George III. [Hear, and laughter.] I am not saying now whether all these rebellions were justifiable, or whether they were wrong. I am not saying whether the present rebellion in the Southern States is justifiable insurrection, or is a great fault or a great crime. But I say that the mere fact of rebellion is not in my eyes a crime of so deep a dye that we must renounce all fellowship and communion and all relationship with those who have been guilty of rebellion. [Loud cheering.]—But certainly if I look to the declarations of those New England orators—and I have been reading lately, if not the whole, yet a very great part, of the very long speech by Mr. Sumner on the subject, delivered at New York—I own I cannot but wonder to see these men, the offspring as it were of three rebellions, as we are the offspring of two rebellions, really speaking, like the Czar of Russia, the Sultan of Turkey, or Louis XIV. himself, of the dreadful crime and guilt of rebellion. [Loud laughter and cheers.]

THE BLOCKADE.

Our people were suffering, and suffering very greatly, for the want of the material which was the great support of their industry. It was a question of self-interest whether we should not break that blockade, but, in my opinion, the name of England would be forever infamous if, for the sake of interest of any kind, we had violated the general laws of nations and made war with these slaveholding States of America against the Federal States.—[Hear, hear.] And, gentlemen, I am not speaking the sentiments peculiar to myself, or to those who have no immediate interest in the question: but these are, I am convinced, the sentiments of that noble hearted people of Lancashire who have lived and flourished by that industry, but who would not, I am sure, allow a single spot on the escutcheon of their nation in order to maintain that industry. [Hear, hear, and Cheers.]

PRIVATEERS BUILDING AND FITTING.

The principle is clear enough. If you are asked to sell muskets, you may sell muskets to one party or to the other; and so with regard to gunpowder, shells, or cannon, and you may sell a ship in the same manner. But if you on the other hand, train and drill a regiment with arms in their hands, or allow a regiment to go out with arms in their hands to take part with one of two belligerents, you violate your neutrality and commit an offence against the other belligerents. So in the same way in regard to ships; if you allow a ship to be armed and go at once to make an attack on a foreign belligerent you are yourself, according to your own law, taking part in the war, and it is an offence which is punished by the law. But these questions lead, as you will see, to the most difficult problems—as to whether, for instance, a thousand persons may go out as laborers to the Federal States, and in the next place a thousand muskets may go out in another ship, and when they arrive in America these thousand laborers, having had an understanding before, may make a formal engagement and be armed with these thousand muskets; though if that had been done in the territory of the Queen, and on the soil of this country, it would have been an offence.

THE STEAM RAM QUESTION.

There are other questions with regard to ships that have lately been prepared in this country, because these ships are not like ships which receive the usual equipment known in wars in times past, but they are themselves, without any further armament, formed for acts of offence and war. They are steam rams, which might be used for the purpose of war without ever touching the shores of the Confederate ports. Well, gentlemen, to permit ships of this kind knowingly to depart from this country, not to enter into any Confederate port, not to enter into the port of a belligerent, would, as you see, expose our good faith to great suspicion; and I feel certain that if, during our war with France, the Americans had sent line-of-battle ships to break our blockade at Brest, whatever reasons they might have urged in support of that, we should have considered it a violation of neutrality. Such is the spirit in which I am prepared to act. Everything that the law of nations requires, everything that our law, that that Foreign Enlistment act requires, I am prepared to do, and even if it should be proved to be necessary for the preservation of our neutrality that the sanction of Parliament should be asked to further measures. In short, to sum up, her Majesty's Government are prepared to do everything that the duty of neutrality requires, everything that is just to a friendly nation, taking as a principle that we should do to others as we should wish to be done to ourselves. [Loud Cheers.] But this will not do; we will not adopt any measure that we think to be wrong. We will not yield a jot of British law on British right in consequence of the menaces of any foreign Power. [Loud and prolonged cheers.]

THE ANGLO (YANKEE) SAXON AFFINITY FOR THE NIGGER.

Gentlemen, it is a great subject; it affects the people of this part of the world and of America; it affects the future stage of civilization; it affects the well-being of the black race, whom it was the crime of our ancestors to introduce to America, and who, if those matters end well, will be, as I believe they are fitted to be, peaceable and intelligent members of a free country—[cheers]—on behalf of whose welfare we have been ready to make great efforts and to sacrifice much. But we will not sacrifice any of those views of ours to mere pretenses. We have as strong feelings for the good of mankind as any people can have; we must maintain our own position; and my belief is that the people of what were the United States, whether they are called Federals or Confederates, will finally do us justice, and that they will observe, as, indeed, they cannot help observing, that in this free country, where there is so much discussion and so much difference of opinion, there are parties very considerable in number who sympathize with the Confederates, and other large masses, I believe superior in numbers, who sympathize with the Federals; but whether sympathizing with the one or the other, we have all embraced in our hearts that sentiment of justice; justice we will do to others, justice we expect for ourselves; and I hope I am interpreting the feelings of your minds when I say that justice ought to prevail.

MILITARY NOTICES.

Adjutant and Inspector General's Office,
RICHMOND, Sept. 8, 1863.

[EXTRACT.]
SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 213.

III. THE BUREAU OF CONSCRIPTION IS AUthorized to raise and equip in each of the States of Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina and Virginia, one Battalion of Six Companies of mounted men, who furnish their own horses and who are not liable to conscription, to be under the orders of the Bureau, for the purposes of conscription, the arrest of deserters and for local defence, mustered for one year.

Companies to elect their officers. The field officers to be assigned from officers belonging to the Enrolling service.

Companies not to exceed one hundred, rank and file.

By command of the Secretary of War:
[Signed] JOHN WITHERS,
Assistant Adjutant General.

By order of Col. John S. Preston, Superintendent:
[Signed] P. N. PAGE,
Captain and A. A. G.

NOTICE.

CONSCRIPT OFFICE, N. C.,
RALEIGH, Oct. 7, 1863.

The commandant invites the attention of all persons capable of bearing arms, but who are exempt from military duty under the present regulations, to the above order of the Secretary of War. It will be seen that it is the intention of the Department to raise a Battalion of mounted men for special service in North Carolina, and the Commandant hopes that all able bodied men, who may be exempt by reason of having furnished substitutes or otherwise, will not shrink from this call, but will hasten to enlist in the defense of their homes, their firesides and the State that gave them birth.

Parties enlisting in this Battalion will be exempt from duty in the Militia and Home Guard, and will receive the pay and allowance of cavalrymen. The Enrolling Officers throughout the State are authorized to receive recruits, or they may report directly at either of the Camps of Instruction.

By order of COL. PETER MALLETT,
Commandant of Conscripts for N. C.
HUGH L. COLE, Captain and A. A. A. G.
Oct 16-1m

Surg on General's Office,
RALEIGH, Oct. 14, 1863.

MEDICAL EXAMINING BOARD NO. 3, COMPOSed of the following named Medical Officers:
Surgeon M. F. ARENDELL,
Surgeon W. W. FOOTE,

Will meet at the town of Salisbury, in Rowan county, on Friday and Saturday, 23d and 24th October.

At Statesville, in Iredell county, on Tuesday and Wednesday, 27th and 28th.

At Lincolnton, Lincoln county, on Monday and Tuesday, the 2d and 3d November.

At Charlotte, Mecklenburg county, on Friday and Saturday, the 6th and 7th November.

At Concord, Cabarrus county, on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 10th and 11th November,

For the purpose of examining all persons who claim exemption from "Home Guard" duty on account of physical disability, according to the provisions of General Order No. 3, issued from the Adjutant General's Office.

EDWARD WARREN,
Oct 16-tnov11 Surgeon General North Carolina.

Office Medical Director,
GENERAL HOSPITALS N. C.,
Raleigh, October 9th, 1863.

SURGEONS IN CHARGE OF HOSPITALS WILL not permit any Steward or Agent to purchase Hospital supplies, except for cash, or on the written order of the Surgeon. Accounts incurred, in disregard of these instructions, will not be recognized.

By order of the Surgeon General:
P. E. HINES,
Oct 10-2awlm Medical Director.

Surgeon General's Office,
RALEIGH, Oct. 8th, 1863.

MEDICAL EXAMINING BOARD, NO. 2. COMPOSed of the following named Medical Officers:
Surgeon EUGENE GRISSOM,
Surgeon RICHARD B. HAYWOOD,

will meet at the town of Smithfield, in Johnston County, on Monday, the 19th of October.

Kinston, in Lenoir, Wednesday, the 21st.

Kenansville, Duplin, on Friday and Saturday, the 23d and 24th.

Clinton, in Sampson on Monday and Tuesday, the 26th and 27th.

Wilmington, in New Hanover, on Thursday and Friday, the 29th and 30th of October,

for the purpose of examining all persons who claim exemption from Home Guard duty on account of physical disability, according to the provisions of Gen. al Order No. 3, issued from the Adjutant General's office.

EDWARD WARREN,
Oct 9-t30 Surgeon General.

Headquarters, Raleigh, N. C.,
October 8th, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 1.

I. In obedience to Special Order, No. 23, Headquarters Department of N. C., Paragraph II, the undersigned assumes Command of this Post.

II. It is made the duty of all Officers who remain in the city over 24 hours to report to this office, and men on arriving who intend to remain to obtain pass from Provost Marshal.

III. Officers who are improperly absent from their commands will be reported at once to their Commanding Officers. The men will be arrested and sent to their commands.

IV. In order to avoid unpleasant detention and arrest, citizens upon arriving here will furnish evidence of their exemption from military service to the Provost Marshal.

[Signed] PETER MALLETT,
Oct 8-1m Col. Com'd'g Post.

Exchange Notice, No. 7.
RICHMOND, VA., Oct. 16, 1863.

THE FOLLOWING CONFEDERATE OFFICERS and men are hereby declared duly exchanged:

1. All officers and men captured and paroled at any time previous to the 1st of September, 1863. This section, however, is not intended to include any officers or men captured at Vicksburg July 4th, 1863, except such as were declared exchanged by Exchange Notice No. 6, Sept. 12th, 1863, or are specifically named in this notice. But it does embrace all deliveries made at City Point or other places before Sept. 1st, 1863, and with the limitation above named, all captures at Port Hudson or any other place where the parties were released on parole.

2. The Staff of Generals Pemberton, Stevenson, Bowen, Moore, Barton, S. D. Lee, Cummings, Harris and Baldwin, and of Colonels Reynolds, Cockrell and Dockery; the officers and men belonging to the Engineer Corps and Sappers and Miners, and the 4th and 46th Mississippi Regiments, all captured at Vicksburg, July 4th, 1863.

3. The general officers captured at Vicksburg, July 4th, 1863, were declared exchanged July 13th, 1863.

ROBERT OULD,
Agent of Exchange.

Southern papers publish six times and send bills to the War Department. [Oct 21-6t

COPPER WANTED.

$1 A POUND WILL BE PAID FOR OLD COPPER, by SHAY, WILLIAMSON & CO.,
Oct 17-10t* Raleigh, N. C.

AUCTION AND PRIVATE SALES.

FOR SALE.

8,000 POUNDS LEAF TOBACCO FOR SALE privately, most of No. 1 article, sound and in good order. For further particulars, address "O. P. Q.," Kittrell's P. O., N. C. Oct 24 5t*

QUAKER MEADOWS FOR RENT.

ON BEHALF OF THE WIDOW AND HEIRS OF the late Col. Jas. C. S. McDowell, I shall, on Saturday the 14th day of November next, at the Court House in Morganton, lease for 2 years to the highest bidder the lands and plantation known as "Quaker Meadows."

This place lies on the Catawba River, about 2 miles from Morganton, and for situation and fertility is unsurpassed by any Farm in the County of Burke.

The tract consists of about 1,600 acres, one half of which is cleared, and of this more than 500 acres rich river bottom.

The place will be let in two parcels.

The Homestead contains a large 2 story Brick Dwelling, with the usual out buildings found on a large plantation.

The other section has a good Dwelling House and out Houses.

Possession given immediately.

At the same time and place will be sold a quantity of Corn, Wheat, Rye, Fodder, Hay, &c., and a few Negroes hired out. CHAS. MANLY.
Oct 22-taw14nov

LAND FOR SALE.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
WAKE COUNTY.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE COURT OF Equity in the cases of Franklin and Elam Smith, *ex parte*, made at Fall Term, 1863, the undersigned Clerk and Master in Equity will proceed to sell the Lands in the pleadings mentioned and described on Monday of Court week—being the 16th day of November, A. D., 1863.—There are two tracts—one belonging to Franklin and the other to Elam Smith—containing each about 130 acres, which will be sold *separately*. The Land is about 10 miles East of Raleigh, adjoins the land of Tom. Bridges, Burrell Temple and others, and is the lot of land which was allotted to the said Franklin and Elam by the Commissioners who were appointed by the County Court to divide the Land between the heirs of John Smith, dec'd.

The sale will take place at 12 m. at the Court House door on a credit of six months with approved security, or for *cash*, if the purchaser desires it.

Oct 10-td E. G. LEWIS, C. M. E.

FOR SALE.

A LOT OF NO. 1 COUNTRY RIFLES. APPLY to C. H. Thompson, M. S. K., N. C. Railroad Depot.
THOS. D. HOGG,
Oct 20-tf Major and Ordnance Officer.
Standard copy till forbid.

PRINTING OFFICE FOR SALE.

ONE OF THE BEST PRINTING ESTBLISHMENTS in the State, consisting of a No 4 Washington Press complete; an Empire Job Press, capable of making 1,500 impressions per hour; 250 pounds Long Primer; 300 pounds Brevier, and sixty pounds Nonpareil, together with some 50 Fonts of Newspaper and Job Type; a fine Imposing Stone; 4 double Stands with racks; Standing Galleys, Slide Galleys, Wood and Brass Galleys, Imposing and Job Sticks, Chases, Furniture, &c.—in fact a complete office, nearly new, having been in operation only a few months previous to the breaking out of the war, and has not been in use since then, can be purchased cheap by early application to JOHN NICHOLS
Oct 13-tf Raleigh, N. C.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

WILL BE SOLD, IF APPLICATION BE MADE soon, a good and desirable residence in the city, about 150 yards South of the Governor's Palace on Fayetteville street. For terms, &c., apply to
July 16-tf W. R. RICHARDSON.

RICE FOR SALE.

THE STATE WILL SELL RICE BY THE CASE. Apply to C. H. Thompson, M. S. K. Commissary Department. THOS. D. HOGG,
July 4-tf Captain C. S.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MASONIC.

THE OFFICERS, MEMBERS, AND REPRESENTAtives of the GRAND LODGE of Free and Accepted Masons of North Carolina will meet at the Masonic Hall, in this city, on Monday evening the 7th of December next at 7 o'clock.

A full representation is earnestly desired, as business of much importance will then and there be submitted for the consideration of the Grand Lodge.

WILLIAM T. BAIN,
Oct 20-eawtlstWD Grand Secretary.

NOTICE!!!

THE FIRM HERETOFORE KNOWN UNDER THE appellation of Lack & Farriss, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts due the firm, and all to whom the concern is indebted, will please settle and present their claims to C. M. Farriss, by whom the business will in future be conducted.

C. M. Farriss tenders his acknowledgements to the patrons of the old firm for their liberality and punctuality, and respectfully requests a continuance of the same under his auspices. CHAS. M. FARRISS.
Sept 8-tf

TO GAS CONSUMERS

ON AND AFTER THE 1ST OF NOVEMBER NEXT the price of Gas will be $30 per thousand feet.
Oct 16 tnov WHITEHOUSE & BOWES.

Bank Cape Fea Oct. 16, 1863.

DIVIDEND No. 1.

A DIVIDEND OF 5 PER CENT. HAS BEEN DEclared by this Bank, payable to the Stockholders on 1st November.
Oct 20-2w J. G. DICK, Cash.
Fayetteville Observer and Raleigh Standard copy 2 weeks.

CIRCULAR SAW MILL.

THE NEUSE MANUFACTURING COMPANY WISH to purchase the gearing, carriage and saw of a Circular Saw Mill, to be run by water power. Address S. H. ROGERS, President,
Oct 19-tf Or H. W. HUSTED, Treasurer.
Standard, Christian Advocate and Biblical Recorder 2 weeks each.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN TO PRODUCERS OF THE 5th Congressional District that from and after the 15th inst., the Produce tax will be received at all the depots in said District. Farmers are requested to aid the public service by promptly bringing in their Tithe, especially wheat, which is now much needed by the army. Agents are authorized to contract with millers for grinding the Tithe wheat, by which means the point of delivery is brought nearer the producer. Corn in the ear will not be received before the 1st of November, and shelled corn not sooner than the 1st of January next.

C. B. HARRISON,
Oct 14-3w Capt. & P. Q. M. 5th Con. Dis. N. C.
Hillsboro Recorder and Standard copy 6 times.

THE COPARTNERSHIP

KNOWN AS GEO. BISHOP & Co., HILLSBORO', is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the firm are requested to call and settle.—Those having claims will please present them for payment. GEO. BISHOP,
Aug 21-tf P. J. GARDNER.

SURGERY FOR FIELD AND HOSPITAL.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO SUPPLY MY WORK on Surgery, to subscribers and others who may wish to purchase it.

On the receipt of $5.00, the book will be sent by mail, postage paid. EDWARD WARREN, M. D.
Aug 21-tf Raleigh, N. C.

WANTED.

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OF NORTH Carolina eight and six per cent. bonds, new issue, for which the highest market price will be paid. Apply to W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.
Aug 4-tf

ADVERTISING RATES.

The following rates will be charged for all advertisements inserted in the DAILY PROGRESS:

ONE SQUARE OF EIGHT LINES, OR LESS:

One day	$1 00	One week	$ 6 00
Two days	2 00	Two weeks	12 00
Three days	3 00	Three weeks	18 00
Four days	4 00	One month	24 00
Five days	5 00	Two months	48 0

Fifty words, or eight lines or less count a square, and additional squares will be charged the same.

Cash will be demanded from all persons, and no contracts will be upon save in accordance with these terms. When sent by letter the money must accompany the advertisement. Marriages, deaths, religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid in advance.

REWARD.

$50 REWARD.

RANAWAY FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, ON SUNday last at Charlotte, N. C., my negro man TOM, aged twenty eight years. He is about five feet ten inches in height, of dark complexion, stammers when frightened, weighs about one hundred and sixty pounds, head and eyes small and round. He is a very likely negro. Tom is no doubt trying to get to Carrituck county with a forged pass, and will probably pass through Raleigh and Weldon. He is familiar with Railroads. The above reward will be paid for his delivery to me.
Oct 20-2w* WM. R. GORDON.

STOCKHOLDER'S MEETING.

OFFICE WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R. Co.,
Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 22, 1863.

THE TWENTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of the Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road Company, will be held in the town of Wilmington, on Wednesday, the 18th of November next.

J. W. THOMPSON,
Oct 26-td Secretary.
Tarboro' Southerner copy td.

DIVIDEND NO. 25.

OFFICE WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R. Co.,
Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 22, 1863.

THE DIRECTORS HAVE DECLARED A DIVIDEND of twenty per cent. on the Capital Stock of the Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road Company, payable to the Stockholders on and after the 18th of November next.—Books for Transfer of Stock will be closed on the 1st of November, until after the 18th.

J. W. THOMPSON,
Oct 26-td Secretary & Treasurer.
Tarboro' Southerner copy td.

Office N. C. Railroad Company,
WAND, Oct. 23, 1863.

A LARGE SALE OF ELIGIBLE TOWN LOTS will be sold at this place on Thursday, November 5th, 1863. The town is finely situated, immediately on the Railroad near Graham; the lots are laid off 200 feet square, the streets 100 feet wide, with two large open squares, and the sale claims the attention of all persons wishing to secure a pleasant and healthy home.

Terms cash, or approved bonds at six months, with interest from date. THOMAS WEBB,
Oct 26-td President.

NORTH CAROLINA,
ORANGE COUNTY.

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, August Term, 1863:

Thomas Pleasants and Wife and others, vs. John Falkner and Thomas Edwards. } Petition to sell land for partition.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that John Falkner and Thomas Edwards, the defendants in this case, reside beyond the limits of this State, it is therefore, on motion, ordered by the Court, that publication be made for six weeks successively in the Raleigh Progress, notifying the said defendants of the filing of this petition, and that unless they appear at the next term of this Court and answer the petition, the same will be taken *pro confesso* and heard *ex parte* as to them.

Witness, Augustine Landis, Clerk of said Court, at office in Oxford, the first Monday of August, 1863.

Sep 18-law6t A. LANDIS, C. C. C.

RUNAWAY COMMITTED TO JAIL.

WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL OF WARREN County, on the 4th Sept., 1863, a negro man who says his name is GEORGE, and that he is generally called Man or Munroe, and that he belongs to Mr. Rob't Lattimer or Lattimore, who lives near Canton, in Madison County, Miss., and that he runaway from his master in March, 1862, and has since been most of the time in the service of Capt. Jas. Mason, of the 4th Mississippi Reg't, from whom he again runaway at Grenada, Mississipi. The said negro is about 5 feet 4 inches high, black, and appears about 35 years of age. He has a slight scar in his forehead, nearly over the left eye, which he says was caused by a fall from a horse.

The owner is hereby notified to prove his property, pay charges and take him away or he will be dealt with as the law directs. E. C. WADDILL,
Oct 10-law6m Jailor.

DR. B. F. ARRINGTON

RESPECTFULLY OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL services to the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country in the practice of Operative Dentistry and treatment of the various diseases of the mouth pertaining to the Dental Structure.

Patrons given as reference. Office in Exchange Hotel, Room No. 54. Oct 13-tf

COTTON YARNS, COTTON YARNS.

WE WILL EXCHANGE COTTON YARNS FOR Wax, Tallow or Lard, either in large or small quantities. Fair exchange made at the Graham Candle Factory. KLAPP & BERRY,
Oct 7-1m Graham, N. C.

NOTICE

HAVING QUALIFIED AT THE PRESENT TERM of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of Johnston county as Administrator on the estate of Henry S. Blackwell, deceased, late of Newbern, all creditors of the estate are invited to present claims for payment and all persons owing the estate to make payment at Graham, Alamance county, N. C.

THOMAS J. MITCHELL,
Sept 28-1m Administrator Graham, N. C.

PUBLIC SPEAKING

THE CANDIDATES FOR CONGRESS IN THE 4th District, Messrs. ARRINGTON and TURNER, will address their fellow citizens at the places and times following:

Monday,	26th October,	Louisville,	Wake
Tuesday,	27th "	Bushee's,	"
Wednesday,	28th "	Harney Jones',	"
Thursday,	29th "	Bashle's X Roads,	"
Friday,	30th "	Green Level,	"
Saturday,	31st "	Cary,	"

Mr. Turner will address the people of Raleigh and vicinity in the Court House on the evening of Tuesday, the 27th October. Oct 13-td

LARD, TALLOW AND WAX WANTED

AT THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES WILL BE PAID FOR either of the above articles, either in large or small quantities, at the Candle Factory, in Graham, N. C.—All those that have will please to address
KLAPP & BERRY,
Oct 5-1m Graham, N. C.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT,
RALEIGH, N. C., May 8, 1862.

LEAD WANTED.—I WISH TO PURCHASE LEAD for this department. Persons having large or small quantities to dispose apply at once. We give 1 pound of POWDER for 1½ pound of LEAD.

THOS. HOGG, Capt. C. S.
May 8-tf In charge of Ordnance.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,
STOCK AND MONEY BROKERS,
RALEIGH, N. C.

CONTINUE TO CARRY ON THE BROKERAGE BUSiness at their old stand as heretofore, in all its various branches. June 25-tf

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT

WITH AN EXPERIENCE OF MORE THAN FORTY years, the undersigned does not flatter himself, but is flattered by his customers, and will receive and sell at Auction, or on Commission, everything entrusted to his care. FRANK I. WILSON,
May 14-tf Auctioneer.
Standard copy

W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.,
STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKERS,
June 2-tf RALEIGH, N. C.

DAILY PROGRESS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

TUESDAY, OCT. 27, 1863.

☞ **How to Send us Money.**—Never send by mail when you can send by Express. All money sent by Express at our expense. Those sending us money by mail must do so at their own risk.

☞ **Any of our friends receiving important** news from the army by private letter or telegrams, will confer a great favor on us by sending or leaving them at this office for our use.

☞ **Rags Advanced.**—We will pay 12½ cents a pound for all the clean Cotton rags delivered at the Progress office.

☞ **Job Printing.**—Having an abundance of material and good workmen we are prepared to execute all orders for JOB PRINTING with dispatch.

ADVANCE IN TERMS.

The rapid advance in the price of everything used in the publication of this paper, or in any way connected with it, renders an advance in our terms necessary to continue the paper and to enable us and the worthy men in our service to live. Owing to an advance in the material used in the manufacture of paper, we have been notified of an advance of 25 cents on the pound in that article, making the cost of paper 75 cents per pound. When we state that as late as last Spring we only paid 25 cents for paper, the necessity for an advance in our rates will be apparent. We have also to submit to an advance of one hundred per cent. in the cost of Ink, while our expenses for labor, telegraphic reports, wood, gas, glue, &c., have been more than doubled in the last few months.

For these reasons our rates for subscription and advertising will be as follows, on and after the

FIRST DAY OF NOVEMBER. 1863.

Daily paper, one month.	**$2 00**
" **three months,**	**6 00**
" **Six months,**	**10 00**

No subscription taken for a shorter period than one nor longer than six months. We print nothing but a Daily paper, and subscriptions will only be received in accordance with the above terms, and in no case will the paper be sent without the money.

After the first of November our price to Agents and News Dealers will be $8 per hundred, and the price of single copies at the Counter and from Newsboys will be 15 cents.

Subscriptions will be received until the 1st of November at our present rates.

ADVERTISING RATES

On and after the 1st of November will be as follows:

One square, eight lines or less, solid minion, one day, $2, and for every additional day $1:50, and the same for additional squares. Persons sending advertisements from a distance may, by counting 50 words as a square, calculate the cost for any number of insertions, and accompany the advertisement with the money. Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance or they will not be inserted. Advertisements inserted once, twice or three times a week will be charged $2 for each square for every insertion. These rates will apply to advertisements of any length.

Marriages, deaths and everything of a personal character are charged for as advertisements.

We learn by experience. Two years ago the cry of "intervention," raised by fanatics and continued by simpletons, seriously interfered with the prosecution of the war, and the maniac cry has been a stumbling block in our way ever since. "Intervention in thirty days," said one; intervention in ninety days," said another; "intervention by March and peace by May," says a third, and between them all our people have relaxed their energies, our armies have been more or less demoralized, and the cause itself seriously injured. We tell the people, once for all, in the language of President Davis, "we should not look to Europe for aid, for such is not to be expected." We are in the midst of a terrible war, with a powerful enemy, and we must summon all our energies, put forward all our available means and conquer a peace by hard blows, or be defeated and subjugated. Let us hear no more of foreign assistance, for the effect can only be damaging, and in fact it is but the cry of the idiot, any way. The reasoning, thinking, calculating portion of this people never have looked for anything of the kind.—There are many people in Europe that admire our gallantry and applaud our heroism; they rejoice at our successes and sympathise with our sufferings, but the subject of making our quarrel their own and giving us material aid, is something that has never entered the imagination of any one either in England or France.

But the rams! What of them? We have been told that twelve rams, with immense horns, were preparing in Europe to come to our assistance, and that with the early Spring tides they would make a descent upon our coast, raise the blockade and sink the last one of Lincoln's "shoddy" concerns. All this we have been told would surely come to pass, and that then peace, blessed peace, would spread her wings over the earth." Alas! for human hopes; alas! for frenzied calculations! The last arrival from Europe assures us that the rams have been seized by order of the British government, and the last hope of their coming to our assistance is obliterated. Put not your trust in "rams," nor in "intervention," for they are afar off and may fail you, but rather in your bayonets, for they are sharp at the point and when properly used, cause the Yankees to fly to a great distance. The ram delusion has exploded, and we are glad of it, for skulkers from the army and demagogues seeking office, rather than fighting the battles of their country, can no longer give as an excuse for their bad behavior, that the rams and intervention will do the work, whip the Yankees and leave nothing for them to do. Whenever our whole people can be made to realize that this war has got to be fought out to the bitter end, and that we have nothing to rely upon but our own strong arms, and stout hearts, from that day our prospects will brighten and our cause appear more hopeful.

Lincoln calls for three hundred thousand more *whites*, and as many *blacks* as he can get, to "crush the rebellion," and we must lose sight of all the broken reeds upon which we have leaned too long, and rely upon our own strength and power. Let us do this and put forward our whole strength and the enemy will never be permitted to exult over our subjugation.

DESERTERS.—Of the sixty-six deserters received by Col. Mallett, on Sunday, we learn there were some 26 or 28 Virginins and some Georgians. We mention this for the benefit of the friends of the unfortunate men from those States. We suppose it is known by this time that other States as well as North Carolina have some deserters.

GOOD NEWS FOR THE NEEDLE WOMEN.—We take pleasure in informing the many poor women now engaged in working for the Clothing Bureau in this city, that on and after the 1st day of November, their wages will be increased, as follows. For making a jacket $2; pants $1,50; This is little enough; but it is better than the old prices, and may afford some relief to the needy poor.—*Richmond Sentinel.*

We are glad to see that justice is to be done the poor sewing women of Richmond, and we appeal to our authorities for an advance for those engaged on State work here. On enquiring we find that only 75 cents is paid for pants and one dollar for jackets by the State Clothing Department, and as the cost of living here is nearly as much as in Richmond, the poor women who are doing the work must be paid more, or suffer.

Governor Vance endeavors to do justice to the whole people of the State and is the especial friend of the poor, and we can assure the patient, laboring, suffering needle women that he is not unmindful of their sufferings, and will not turn a deaf ear to their appeals for justice. We called to see him about the matter yesterday, but were pained to learn that he had been detained at home for several days on account of indisposition. We have promised many of the sewing women to bring this matter to the attention of his Excellency, and we mean to do so, and we can assure them, now, that he will do all in his power to relieve their sufferings. It must be apparent to every intelligent person that the present prices are not more than half enough. They ought to be paid at least $1:50 for jackets and $1:00 for pants, and in proportion on other garments.

From Lee's Army—Casualties in the Fight at Bristow Station.

RAPPAHANNOCK STATION, October 15th, 1863.

DEAR PROGRESS:—I have already sent you a list of the casualties in the 27th Reg't N. C. T., at Bristow Station. I may have to add a few more to it but I hope not.

Below please find report of the casualties in the 48th Reg't N. C. T., in the battle at Bristow Station last Wednesday evening.

Field and Staff—none.

Co A.—Killed—Private Milton Preslar.

Wounded—Privates N J Bickett, left leg broken, amputated below knee, S N Presson, flesh wound left thigh, A E Helms, wounded and missing, prisoner, H J Ross, slightly in left ankle, Wyatt Presslar, slightly in left hand, A C Preslar, J L McLilland, S H Polk, stunned by shell, Luke Sinclair, flesh wound right leg, F M Poor, in right cheek severely, S Helm three fingers in left hand severe, J W Irby, left hand severe, E P Rushing, wounded and missing, Joseph Brown, L F Austin, S L Mullis, G W Mullis, missing; Lt J A Lowry, very slightly wounded.

Co B.—Killed—Jno A Rhods.

Wounded—Ivey Surratt, mortally in head, Geo W Smith, left breast seriously, Wm Fritts, right hand slight, Hiram Swaney, slightly in scalp, Alex Picket, left knee, flesh wound, Lt Wm Hamner, Wyatt Davis, slightly bruised by shell, Jesse Osborn, H A Cooper, stunned by shell, W D Long, Jas Skeen, missing.

Co C.—Killed—Private D M Sefler.

Wounded—Lt A W Ttroutman, head slightly; Privates R Cascaddon, fore finger left hand, R F Clire, face slightly, M F Eidson, great toe left foot slight, J Q Holdsonser, face and left shoulder badly, Jas Kyle, flesh wound right leg, J Lite, right hand severely, D Scriggs, middle finger, J M Walker, right leg severely, W J Waugh, left hand slightly, Wm Hair, bruised by shell in back.

Missing—Privates D Clodfelter, G L D Eller, C A Earnhart, J O Laslie, P Lippard, J C Plyler.

Co D.—Killed—Private J J May.

Wounded—Capt W H H Lawhon, slightly grain, Sergt G B Campbell, both arms amputated and severely wounded in thigh, J G Morgan, left shoulder severely, H W Stutts, left side severely, J H Stutts, right hip slightly, R Davis, right leg, flesh wound, severe, J M Wallace, right hand finger gone, R B Stewart, head slight, Kelly Bryan, left foot slightly, W A Stedman, left hip slightly.

Missing—Sergt M C Phillips, wounded; Corp Jas A Freeman, H A Bridges, Isaac Freeman, Levi Wright, Rials Key, W H Baker, E D Morgan, Arch McLean, H A Spencer, M C Yow, very slightly wounded.

Co E.—Killed—Privates J W L Belk, Jno F Smith.

Wounded—Sergeant Correll, color bearer, breast slightly, Corp Jno W Osborn, left hand, slightly; Privates Josiah Davis, right breast, badly, T C Eubanks, right wrist badly, J J Griffin, right leg slightly, Jno E Hancock, groin by shell badly, Ellison Hayes, left shoulder slightly, M C King, left side not serious, D W Laney, left leg slight, John Milton, right hand middle finger, Thos Parker, lost one finger, General Richardson, left hand severe, M C Richardson, right leg severe, Milus Starnes, end of one finger gone, J L Yarborough, left thigh serious.

Missing—Sergt Jno W Parker; Privates A H A Belk, B J Griffin, J B Stearnes.

Co F.—Killed—none.

Wounded—Corp B F Richardson, right thigh severely; 1st Sergt G W Howie, through both checks, badly; Sergt Q M Walker, right thigh, leg amputated; Sergt J S Parker, in heel, slight; Corp R C DeLaney, flesh wound right thigh; Privates B Belk, fore finger left hand slight, J A Helms, bruised by shell left thigh slight, W E Richardson, bruised by shell, right shoulder badly, R T Sistar, through both thighs, not seriously, J P Walker, right breast badly.

Missing—O Baucum, W A J Huff, K G Stearns, supposed to be prisoners.

Co G.—Killed—Private H Lawrence.

Wounded—Lt J A Thompson, in leg badly, Lt C B Clegg, slightly, 1st Sergt B F Headen, stunned by shell, Sergt J W B Lassiter, flesh wound thigh serious, Sergt J T Gunter, left arm flesh wound, slight, Corp J B Gunter, left arm, flesh wound; Privates A J Burns, foot slight, E H Burns, thigh and knee severe, Alex Burns, head mortally, Q J Bynum, slightly in shoulder, by shell, T W Dowdy, stunned by shell badly, J C Harrison, in left hand badly. C M Holt, in hand slight, J Lomax, flesh wound left thigh, J Mauldin, slightly shocked by shell, P Perry, left shoulder slightly, S H Rosser, shocked by shell, F Smith, badly in left hand, W Wall, finger right hand slight, H Warner, in the hand slightly, J E Watson, stunned by shell slight; J R Abernathy, H H Burns, T Beal, B F C Burk, J M Dowdy, S H Scarlet, J Stone, prisoners.

Co H.—Killed—Private N F Miller.

Wounded—Sergt J Imbler, right leg slight; Corp S J Davis, bruised by shell in breast badly; Privates David Essex, W R Essix, bruised slightly by shell in leg, Christian Hege, badly in head, Alex Lenord, bruised in left hand by shell, Rily Lenord, bruised by shell in breast and lost 1 finger, H Walser, bruised in breast by shell slight, S Wilson, bruised in thigh by shell slight.

Missing—Sergt M T Lambeth, Wm Johnson, Casper Lenord, C A Hege, supposed to be prisoners.

Co I.—Killed—none.

Wounded—Sergts A H Boyet, thigh mortally, W Q Pinyon, breast serious; Corp Wm Hoyle, slightly in knee by shell; Privates T A Austin, stunned by shell slight, N Biggers, left hand serious, Oliver Biggers, left knee serious, W J Cook, right knee badly, W F Cuthbertson, left arm flesh wound, Albert Dees, slightly in stomach, Reuben Dennis, left arm slightly, Wm Honeycut, left shoulder badly, J S Hunter, left cheek slightly, Saml Proctor, left cheek badly, Jno Skipper, fore finger slight, James York, slightly both legs.

Missing—J G Long, W E Pressley, W H Sligall.

Co K.—Killed—Privates Henry Hilton, Wm Candle.

Wounded—Capt J W Betting, slightly in hip; Sergts H T Newsom, A F Montague, Corp A Kiger, slightly in hand, Sergt Jno A Wood, paralyzed by shell, Privates Hyman Everhart, mortally, J Crouch, slight in hand, Sol Green, paralyzed by shell, Saml Jackson, slight in leg, Sol Heathcock, slight in head, Joseph Wagoner, paralyzed by shell.

Missing—Jacob Collet, Egbert Hoozer.

The above list is official.

Yours truly, HAL.

CAMP 27TH REG'T N. C. TROOPS, Near Brandy Station, Oct. 20th, 1863.

DEAR PROGRESS:—Since my last we have again been on the move, have crossed the Rappahannock river, and are now encamped about a mile from the river. The whole corps is together and we will in all probability remain here long enough to wash our shirts, clean our arms, and be ready for duty again. Both A. P. Hill's and Ewell's corps were to be seen at one sight on yesterday morning in one field, and although the rain was pouring down we had to wade sluices, stand at a halt for an hour at a time, and wet to the skin, yet, notwithstanding all of that, the boys were whooping and yelling as gaily as if they were charging the Yankees or at home at an old field general muster. It gratified the officers, I know, to see the men so cheerful under so many difficulties. I herewith send a list of the casualties in the 15th N. C. Troops in the fight at Bristow Station on the 14th inst., and also one of the 46th Regiment, which will complete the list of casualties in our brigade. It is wholly unnecessary, I think, to add even a single word to this report to prove that "our boys" did their duty, and nothing could give the *lie* direct to a rumor that our brigade ran on that occasion. The rumor was started by some one who was not near enough to see. "Our boys" are still in good health and spirits. Weather getting a little coolish.

Yours, truly, HAL.

LIST OF CASUALTIES

In the 15th Regiment North Carolina Troops in the battle of Bristow Station, Virginia, Wednesday, Oct. 14th, 1863.

Field and Staff—None.

Co A—Killed—Lt Green D Cuthberton. Wounded—Lt W E Woodruff, in arm; Privs M L Parker, in arm, E Y Marks, foot, Isaiah Barns, foot, Isaac Sumner, neck, Timothy Vaugh, shoulder. Missing—Henry Marks.

Co B—Wounded—Lt F L Rogers, left arm amputated; 1st Sgt B G Coon, severely in leg; 4th Sgt J B Long, slightly in leg; Corps J E Helms, severely in leg, W P Richardson, severely in arm; Privs J M Austin, severely in head, L E Brown, severely in arm, G W Barker, severely in leg, J N Howard, mortally in bowels, J A Irby, slightly in leg, C B Muse, slightly in leg, W B McLean, severly in leg, J F McCorkee, slightly in leg, Sgt Major Jos E Porter, slightly in right shoulder. Missing—Sgt D M Rose, Privates Jno Barmingham, Wm Condor, J D Helms, J M Pistol, J C Steel, J C Ramsay, J D Stinson.

Co C—Killed—Priv C G Rippy, Corp L H Blanton. Wounded—Lt J M Jarrett, severely in left thigh; Sgts J G Putnam, slightly in hand, M V Putnam, slightly in wrist; Privs G W Davis, slightly in right hip, R A Blanton, severely in left leg, W L Blanton, slightly in left foot, R Simpson, slightly in right hand, H Weaver, slightly in breast, A Weaver, mortally in head, died, G B McCraw, mortally in bowels, K S Tate, severely in right thigh, Wm Howling severely in groin, A W Pannell, slightly in face and foot, Corp L H Blantan, killed; Privates M Burnes, E A Hardin, missing, J Mahew, J Spurlin, F D Rominger, Levi Barrett, J D Robinson, J S Hendrick, S G Putnam, W A Hambrick, J P McIntire, wounded and missing.

Co D—Wounded—Lt W E Oldham, finger and breast, 2d Lt Massenburg, slightly in leg; Priv James Yow, mortally in breast, Isaac ——, wounded in hip, W P Cole, slightly in thigh, J A Wicks, slightly in head, C C Mann, slightly in side, J W Riggsbee, slightly in knee, Winship Goodwin, missing.

Co E—Wounded—Privs D M Card, slightly in side, S P Carver, slightly in side, Jacob Cossart, slightly in foot, J B Duke, slightly in thigh, A L Jinkins, slightly in breast and knee, M G Murray, slightly in shoulder, G S Strickland, slightly in hand, A M D Upchurch, slightly in foot, N Winston, slightly in knee, D C Winston, wounded and missing, H S Bess, missing, Alex. Moore, killed.

Co F—Killed—Privs D R. Black, J Garkins, W A Phillips, Jno A Spence. Wounded—Lieut R Barnes, in right arm, Sgt W B Smith, slightly in hip, Corp D H Mathews, slightly in right thigh, G D Spence, slightly in left wrist; Privs Alex Ballard, severely in left breast, Jno H Colville, severely in right leg, W A Colville, slightly in leg, Jno McDougal, slightly in abdomen, J P. Mills, slightly in arm, S Moore, head, died, J Nordon, severe in right hand, J Sink, severe in right knee, H W Shoaf, contusion in head, R M Shoaf, slightly in back, James Shut, slightly in right leg, Wm Wade, slightly right knee.

Co G—Killed—Priv P G Murphy. Wounded—J P True, both arms shot off, G A Allen, severely in thigh, S Painer, right thumb shot off, Corp P H Longmire, slightly in hand, Sgt J B Hamlet, slightly in hand, Corp H H Gilliam, slightly in breast, Priv N Neighbors, slightly in hand, Henry King, slightly in thigh, Sgt J R Raney, and Priv. J R Lenord, missing.

Co H—Killed—Corp C B Branson, Priv M V Hopkins. Wounded—Sgt M V. Isley, in right arm and finger shot off, Privates M Hughes, slightly in left foot, W Wiley severely in head, J P Linnis, slightly in left shoulder, G W Fesh, slightly in hip and face, J P Stanford and W Straghorn, missing, P S Thompson, missing, S A Stewart, wounded and missing, H Painter and W Wagner, missing, W Jones, wounded and missing, W H Gustin, wounded and missing, Lt S M Ribinson, wounded and missing.

Co I—Killed—Corp J P Bradley, Private A P Allen. Wounded—Lt S M Pender, slightly in head, Sgt D H Barlow, slightly in shoulder, Privates W Bardan, slightly in right foot, D D Bayne, slightly in side, J W Cooke, slightly in hip, W Folram, slightly in side, E Lewis, slightly in arm, W Overman, severely in arm, D Peacock slightly in breast and hand, A Taylor, slightly in shoulder, W Warrell, slightly in hip, Q Yelverton, thigh broken, W Johnson missing.

Co K—Killed—Capt G W White, Private Thos Moore. Wounded—1st Lt J P Cross in thigh, Sgt J B Armstrong, in leg, Corp P C Walker, severely in thigh, Privates H S Spicer, slightly in leg, J B Mears, slightly in arm, C V Miller, slightly in foot, J R Womble, slightly in back, Isser Flood, seriously in breast, Hiram Hill slightly in hand, D S Hartley, slightly in hand. W H Sandon, parylized by shell severely, B Jarvis, wounded and captured. Missing—H H Swicegood, Adam Hedrick, Alex Gabble.

Total 156.

LIST OF CASUALTIES

In the 46th Regiment N. C. Troops, in the battle at Bristow Station, Va., Oct. 14th 1863.

Field and Staff; none.

Co A—Killed—Corp'l J T Smith. Wounded—Privates A G Maures, John Ritchie, Paul Penninger, Stephen Botford, slightly; R H Wyatt, Stephen Hammond.

Co B—Killed—Privates Daniel Miller, Allison Rumple. Wounded—1st Serg't Jacob Klutts, C C Harryman, C A Bassenger. Privates P C Crawford, Alex Englehard, W H Harris, Jacob Hornbarger, Jno McNealy, Monroe Peeler, Milus Williams, C H Waggoner. Rufus Trexler, slightly; Fred Waller. Missing—Wm Stiller, Wm Dunn, W P Seblic.

Co C—Killed—none. Wounded—Corbit F Gardner, B T Robinson, W J Paschal, slightly.

Co D—Killed—none. Wounded—Private Wm. Shaw.

Co E—Killed—none. Wounded—Corp'l S G Goss, (color bearer) slightly; Privates David Berchirt, slightly; R W Carter, severely; J G Freeman, M Ferebee, Daniel Kennedy, G R Thompson, slightly; W L Wheeler, severely; A Teasley, slightly; K Oakley, slightly.

Co F—Killed—1st Sergt N Spencer. Wounded—Privates J M Brewer, N Hancock, W Hancock, W Sidwell, Edmund Spencer, F L Yates, Missing—S Hill, C Robins, N Robins.

Co G—Killed—none. Wounded—Lt R P Troy; Privates P F Hogle, severely; Thos Brooks, W F Blair, slightly; B A Johnson, Geo W Fox, A S Wright, slightly; Corpl T A Futral.

Co H—Killed—none. Wounded—Sergt. M C Johnson; Privates Johnston Shuffield, James Smith.

Co I—Killed—none. Wounded—1st Sergt. L G Hall; Privates. Thos Golier, severely; W F Hair, severely; W H M Lamb, slightly.

Co K—Killed—Privates, Henry Deagerheart, R H Lenord, John Parker, David Wilson. Wounded—Silas Booveg, John S Hewit, severe; W R Birch, severe; F Finger, slight; O M Jarrett, slight; W. Setzer, slight.

FIRST N. C. CAVALRY—CASUALTIES IN THE FIGHT, &c.

MR. EDITOR:—You will confer a favor on this Regiment, and its friends, by publishing the following list of casualties, since the 10th of October, during the brilliant cavalry campaign of the past ten days.

Field and Staff—Wounded—Lieut.-Colonel Thos. Ruffin, supposed mortally and captured. Major Rufus Barringer, slightly in thigh.

Co A—Wounded—Private Hugh Turner, slightly. Missing—Lt D F Armfield.

Co B—Wounded—Private Mills Powell, seriously. Missing—Cornelius Hall.

Co E—Wounded—Thos Persons, mortally, since died; J H Cunningham, mortally, since died; R T Edwards, severely in thigh. Missing—Joseph Burnett.

Co F—Wounded—Corpl Valter Bell, slightly in shoulder. Privates, N F Blackwelder, severely in thigh.

Co G—Killed—James A Springs. Wounded—V T King, in foot, John Carver, severly in foot.

Co H—Wounded—Bugler Burkett M Privett, in face, W H Bailey, slightly; Martin Martin, severely in foot. Missing—Thos Hughes.

Co I—Killed—Lieut Wm G Grady. Wounded—Geo W Miller, severely in leg, T W Merritt, severely in leg.

Co K—Wounded—Silas Tutheroe. Missing—S R Slagle.

Recapitulation—Killed 2; mortally wounded, since died 2; supposed to be mortally wounded and captured 1; wounded 13; missing 4. Total, 24.

On the 19th the N. C. Brigade made the greatest charge on record; 1st North Carolina in front. We charged the enemy in a sweeping gallop for seven miles, capturing more than had men in the fight, with several wagons, two ambulances, &c. &c.

Your Ob't Serv't, LT. D. P. MAST, Act. Ad'jt 1st N. C. Cavalry.

From Western North Carolina.

There was some excitement here yesterday on account of rumors of a Yankee advance on our Western border. After diligent inquiry we learned that a letter had been received at the Executive Department from Gen. Vance, at Asheville, that Maj. Woodfin had been killed by an advance of the enemy somewhere beyond that place, and that they were pressing forward. We are assured that Gen. Vance is making every possible preparation to meet the enemy should they advance. We trust that the reported death of Maj. Woodfin may turn out to be a mistake.

Of affairs in that section the Asheville *News* of the 22nd says:

A raid by some two or three hundred renegade Tennesseeans and North Carolians was made from the direction of Greenville into Madison county, last week. They came in this direction as far as the Warm Springs. One mile below the Springs they shot old Mr. Garrett as he was standing in his yard. He died in 35 minutes. He was about 70 years of age, a good citizen and a clever man. It was a cold blooded murder, and one at which humanity weeps and manhood blushes. The raiders carried off all the stock in the county, as far as they penetrated, and said they would be back again shortly.

Many threats have been made against this place, and reports of the advance of the enemy in heavy force have been rife for some days. Considerable alarm among a portion of our people has been the consequence. If it would do any good we would say to all keep cool—the enemy, when he attempts to reach Asheville, will find "Jordan a hard road to travel"—preparations have been made to give him a reception he will not soon forget. Gen. Vance is wide awake, active and vigilant. He is at the right point, and has several men with him, and several more scattered around "permiscus," some of them on horseback and some afoot, and all eager to extend a true Carolina welcome to the invaders of their homes.

The Hendersonville *Times* of the same date says:

Rumors of a Yankee raid on Asheville, were current in this place on Monday last, and it was believed by many here, that the Federals would occupy that place on Monday night. In the evening a courier was sent to Asheville to learn the facts. Courier has returned, and instead of confirming the story, that there were 2,000 Yankee cavalry, at Marshal, or at some other point near Asheville, reports some bushwhackers—perhaps forty, down about Warm Springs. So the rumored raid goes up the spout for the present.

ELECTION OF MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.—Officers and soldiers in camp will vote for members of Congress on Thursday next, October 29th, and the people at home will vote at the different precincts on the 4th of November, Wednesday of next week. Refugees can vote in any county within the District of which they claim citizenship, but not out of it.

Our friends throughout the State and in the army will confer a favor on us by sending us the returns at the earliest possible moment. Wherever convenient we will thank any one to send the vote of towns, counties or precincts by telegraph at our expense.

We give to-day the casualties in the 46th and 48th N. C. Troops, at the fight at Bristow Station. The public as well as ourself, we are sure, will appreciate the energy and promptness of our excellent correspondent, "Hal," whose letters have given us more of the particulars of the late engagement than we have had from all other sources.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TOWN HALL—THIS EVENING.

A SPLENDID SELECTION OF MUSIC, BY MR. SLOMAN, the first Comic Singer of the age. Miss ELIZABETH SLOMAN, the greatest Harp player ever heard; and Miss ANNE SLOMAN, Vocalist, Pianist and original performer on the new musical instrument, Alexandre Organ. See programme. Oct 27-1t

WANTED.

A GOOD TANNER WANTED, ONE THAT CAN come well recommended, for which I will pay a liberal price. My address is Otterville, N. C. Oct 27-10t* D. F.

ELECTION NOTICES.

To the Citizens of the 9th Congressional District.—FELLOW-CITIZENS: After several nominations and repeated solicitations from my friends, I at this late period have consented to become a candidate to represent the people of the 9th Congressional District in the next Congress of the Confederate States. I offer as an apology for the late appearance of my acceptance the mob of the *Standard* office, as my principles reached that place a short time before the office was mobed; they consequently were lost, as I was informed last night by a private letter from the Editor. Thus he announced my name as being a candidate without my views.

Now, fellow-citizens, I state to you, in a form as condensed as possible, my position concerning the various questions now before the public and which will most probably come before the next Congress:

1st. If elected I shall support any measure that will bring about an honorable peace without further effusion of blood. All wars must end, and I think this war can only be closed by negotiation.

2d. I am opposed to mobs or mob violence.

3d. I am opposed to the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus*.

4th. I shall sustain with all vigilance the supremacy of the civil over the military law.

5th. The liberty of the press and of speech should not be encroached upon, for they are the bulwarks of our liberties.

6th. Congress should adopt some plan to place our currency on a firmer basis and save the credit of the Confederate government.

7th. My impression now is that I shall vote for the repeal of the Tithing Law, unless instructed by my constituents.

8th. The wages of our brave soldiers should be largely increased and their families especially provided for by the government.

You now have my sentiments, though brief. If you will receive my excuse for not visiting the counties of this District, when I inform you that during most of the campaign I was unable to travel. I am glad that you once more have the privilege of going to the ballot box as freemen and voting for the men whom you wish to represent you. Should I be your choice I will endeavor to make you a faithful and honorable representative.

Oct 26-td S. P. SMITH.

To the Voters of the 2nd Congressional District.—Some time since, contrary to my wishes, I announced myself as a candidate to represent the Second Congressional District in our next Congress.

Preferring to remain in active service until peace and independence is secured, and believing that I can render more effective aid in attaining that end in my present position, I have, under the circumstances, concluded to withdraw my name, trusting that my friends will appreciate the motives which induced me to this step, assuring them that at some future time I will cheerfully assume any trust that they may desire to confer upon me.

Very resespectfully, yours, BRYAN GRIMES, Oct 26-6t* Col. 4th N. C. Troops.

To the Editor of the Progress—Dear Sir: As the time is approaching at which members of the next Confederate Congress are to be chosen from the several districts of the State it is perhaps well that those who have the qualified right should exercise it and cast their suffrage upon such persons as they may prefer to serve them in that capacity, more especially at such a time as the present is it assentially important that the mass of the people should look well to their interests and select such persons as deserve their entire confidence without regard to those who may press their own peculiar claims for office, thereby permitting the office to seek the man rather than the man the position. Under such consideration we, as a portion of the citizens and voters of the sixth Congressional District, would, with much deference to the opinions of others, respectfully suggest the name of **Hon. BEDFORD BROWN,** of Caswell, to be voted for as the member of this District, confidently believing as we do that he possesses all the qualifications essential to make a useful and reliable representative, believing that he entertains a deep and abiding interest in the property of our beloved country.

And that he desires that peace should be restored upon honorable and elevated principles, and no other than such would he favor. Well known as he is in the different portions of the district in his long and consistent course in political matters we hope it will meet the approbation of his friends to rally with us, and we think he can be elected by a fair majority. *Confident as we are that if* so chosen he would accept and *faithfully serve them* in the next Congress of the Confederate States, *as he has* never failed to respond to the call of his friends in serving them. MANY CITIZENS.

Anderson's Store, Oct. 15, 1863. Oct 24 td

Notice.—To the Electors of the 2nd Congressional District.—Lieut. Col. E. C. Yellowley, of Pitt, having announced himself as a candidate for your suffrages, and desiring above all else the success of Conservatism, I hereby withdraw my name from that connexion, to the end that Col. Yellowley may be elected; and I desire that my friends shall so consider my withdrawal.

With assurances of my kindest regards for those friends who have so enthusiastically advocated my election, I am Yours, &c., W. DUNN, Jr.

Oct 24-td

To the Voters of the First Congressional District of North Carolina—MY FELLOW-CITIZENS:—I am a candidate for a seat in the House of Representatives in the next Congress of the Confederate States. If elected, fellow-citizens, I shall, without hesitation, favor the early repeal of certain laws passed by your recent Congress. The conscription law I regard as unconstitutional and in its operations oppressive to many of the best men in the South. The tithing law is evidently of doubtful policy, onerous and oppressive to the people at large, and must result in a heavy loss to the Government.—Much that may be collected from the people by the tithing men must decay and be lost to the Government before it can be used to the interest of either the people contributing their productions or the government receiving them, in which event the people must be called upon the second time to supply the loss of the first tenth. The early repeal of the conscription and tithing laws I shall favor from a deep sense of duty to what I conceive to be for the best interest of the country.

I am in favor of the passage of a law paying the private soldier one dollar per day or thirty dollars per month, while in the service of the government. The necessity for the passage of such a law you cannot fail to see, in this day of high and extravagant prices asked for everything in the way of econimcal living.

I am in favor of a speedy termination of the war between the North and the South, on terms just and equitable to all the rights, honor and dignity of the Southern people—a war which is laying waste millions upon millions of property, and bringing poverty in its stead to the doors of thousands of helpless widows and orphans, a war which has and is offering up thousands of the noblest sons of the South to melt away in blood and carnage in an ungodly strife. I am for peace.

I am, very truly, your fellow citizen, P. T. HENRY.

Bertie County, Sept. 24, 1863. [Oct 15-td]

We are authorized to announce Capt. L. D. STARKE, of Pasquotank, *as a candidate to represent* the First Congressional District of North Carolina in the next Confederate Congress. Oct 23-5t*

We are authorized to say that THOMAS I. FAISON has consented, at the earnest solicitations of many friends, to become a candidate for Congress in the 3rd Congressional district. Sept 7-tf

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We are authorized by the friends of Dr. J. G. RAMSAY, of Rowan, to announce that gentleman as a candidate to represent the 8th Congressional District in the next Congress of the Confederate States. Oct 19-td

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We are authorized and requested to announce Dr. J. T. LEACH, of Johnston county, as a candidate for Congress in the 3d Congressional District, composed of the counties of Carteret, Craven, Jones, Onslow, Duplin, Sampson, Wayne and Johnston. Election on the 4th day of November. The soldiers vote on Thursday, the 29th of October. Oct 2-td*

We are authorised and requested to announce Hon. ROBT. R. BRIDGERS, of Edgecombe, as a candidate for re election to Congress in the 2d Congressional District, composed of the counties of Hyde, Beaufort, Pitt, Edgecombe, Halifax, Wilson, Green and Lenoir. Election, Wednesday, 4th of November. Sept 28-td

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We are authorized to announce Hon. A. H. ARRINGTON, of Nash county, a candidate for re-election to Congress in this, the 5th Congressional District, composed of the counties of Orange, Wake, Granville, Warren, Franklin and Nash. Election, Wednesday, 4th of November. Sept 8-td*

We are authorized and requested to announce Hon. W. N. H. SMITH, of Hertford, as a candidate for re-election to Congress from the 1st Congressional District. Election, Wednesday, 4th day of November. Sept. 28-td

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Dr. EDWARD WARREN, of Chowan County, will be supported for Congress in the first Congressional District by MANY VOTERS. Sept 29-td

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We are authorized to announce Captain JOSIAH TURNER, of Orange county, as a candidate for Congress in this, the 5th Congressional District, at the election to be held on November next. Aug 8-td